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(54) **MICRO DEVICE TRANSFER EQUIPMENT AND RELATED METHOD**

(57) A micro device transfer equipment includes a convey platform and a transfer device. The convey platform is configured to carry a wafer and move the wafer towards a specific direction, wherein a plurality of micro devices are fabricated on the wafer. The transfer device includes a plurality of transfer heads each including a

base arm, a first side arm and a second side arm. The first side arm and the second side arm are disposed on the base arm in a movable manner for clamping a corresponding micro device among the plurality of micro devices.

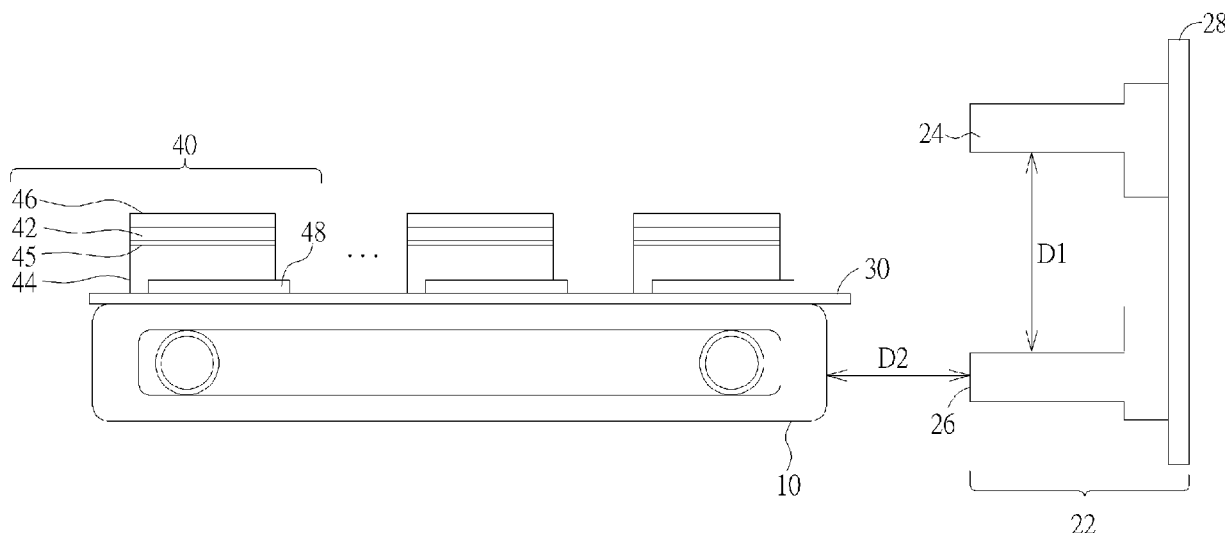


FIG. 1A

Description

Field of the Invention

[0001] The present invention is related to a micro device transfer equipment and related method capable of mass-transferring micro LEDs rapidly and efficiently.

Background of the Invention

[0002] Compared to traditional incandescent bulbs, light-emitting diodes (LEDs) are advantageous in low power consumption, long lifetime, small size, no warm-up time, fast reaction speed, and the ability to be manufactured as small or array devices. In addition to outdoor displays, traffic signs, and liquid crystal display (LCD) backlight for various electronic devices such as mobile phones, notebook computers or personal digital assistants (PDAs), LEDs are also widely used as indoor/outdoor lighting devices in place of fluorescent or incandescent lamps.

[0003] The size of traditional LED arrays is the dimension of millimeters (mm). The size of micro LED arrays may be reduced to the dimension of micrometers (μm) while inheriting the same good performances regarding power consumption, brightness, resolution, color saturation, reaction speed, life time and efficiency. In a micro LED manufacturing process, a thin-film, miniaturized and array design is adopted so that multiple micro LEDs are fabricated in the dimension of merely 1-250 μm . Next, these micro LEDs are mass transferred to be disposed on another circuit board. Protection layers and upper electrodes may be formed in a physical deposition process before packaging the upper substrate.

[0004] Therefore, there is a need for a micro device transfer equipment capable of mass-transferring micro LEDs rapidly and efficiently.

Summary of the Invention

[0005] The present invention aims at providing a micro device transfer head and a related method capable of mass-transferring micro LEDs rapidly and efficiently.

[0006] This is achieved by a micro device transfer equipment according to claim 1 and a method of transferring a micro device using a micro device transfer head according to claim 5. The dependent claims pertain to corresponding further developments and improvements.

[0007] As will be seen more clearly from the detailed description following below, the claimed micro device transfer equipment including a convey platform and a transfer device. The convey platform is configured to carry a wafer and move the wafer towards a specific direction, wherein a plurality of micro devices are fabricated on the wafer. The transfer device includes a plurality of transfer heads each having a base arm, a first side arm and a second side arm, wherein the first side arm and the second side arm are disposed on the base arm in a

movable manner for clamping a corresponding micro device among the plurality of micro devices.

[0008] As will be seen more clearly from the detailed description following below, the claimed method of transferring micro devices including using a convey platform to carry a wafer on which a plurality of micro devices are fabricated; arranging a plurality of transfer heads in a transfer device to be respectively aligned with a first column of micro devices among the plurality of micro devices fabricated on the wafer, or arranging the plurality of transfer heads in the transfer device to be respectively aligned with a first row of micro devices among the plurality of micro devices fabricated on the wafer; adjusting a distance between a first side arm and a second side arm in each transfer head to a first value; the transfer device moving towards the convey platform and the convey platform moving the wafer towards the transfer device until the first column of micro devices or the first row of micro devices are moved into a space between the first side arm and the second side arm of a corresponding transfer head; and adjusting the distance between the first side arm and the second side arm in each transfer head to a second value for clamping each micro device of the first column of micro devices or the first row of micro devices. The first value is larger than a sum of a height of each micro device and a height of the wafer. The second value is smaller than the first value. The first column of micro devices or the first row of micro devices are nearest to the transfer device among the plurality of micro devices fabricated on the wafer.

Brief Description of the Drawings

[0009] In the following, the invention is further illustrated by way of example, taking reference to the accompanying drawings.

FIGs. 1A and 1B are diagrams illustrating a micro device transfer equipment according to an embodiment of the present invention.

FIGs. 2A and 2B are diagrams illustrating a micro device transfer equipment according to another embodiment of the present invention.

FIGs. 3A and 3B are diagrams illustrating a micro device transfer equipment according to another embodiment of the present invention.

Detailed Description

[0010] FIGs. 1A-3A and 1B~3B are diagrams illustrating a micro device transfer equipment 100 according to an embodiment of the present invention. FIGs. 1A-3A depict the side-view of the micro device transfer equipment 100 during each operational stage. FIGs. 1B~3B depict the top-view of the micro device transfer equipment 100 during each operational stage.

[0011] The micro device transfer equipment 100 includes a convey platform 10 and a transfer device 20 for

mass transferring micro devices 40 fabricated on a wafer 30 to another substrate (not shown). In an embodiment of the present invention, the wafer 30 may include an array of micro devices consisting of M columns and N rows (M and N are integers larger than 1). Each micro device 40 may be a micro LED device which includes a P-type semiconductor layer 42, an N-type semiconductor layer 44, a P-electrode 46, an N-electrode 48, and a luminescent layer 45. When a positive voltage is applied to the P-electrode 46 and a negative voltage is applied to the N-electrode 48, electrons flow from the N-region towards the P-region and holes flow from the P-region towards the N-region due to the forward-bias voltage. These electrons and holes then combine in the PN junction of the luminescent layer 45, thereby emitting photons of light. However, the structure of the micro devices 40 does not limit the scope of the present invention.

[0012] The convey platform 10 is configured to carry the wafer 30, and the transfer device 20 includes a plurality of transfer heads 22. The amount of the transfer heads 22 is related to the amount of micro devices 40 fabricated on the wafer 30. In an embodiment, the transfer device 20 may include at least N transfer heads 22 for clamping a column of micro devices 40 at each operation. In another embodiment, the transfer device 20 may include at least M transfer heads 22 for clamping a row of micro devices 40 at each operation. However, the amount of transfer heads 50 does not limit the scope of the present invention.

[0013] Each transfer head 22 includes an upper side arm 24, a lower side arm 26, and a base arm 28. The upper side arm 24 and the lower side arm 26 are disposed on the base arm 28 in a movable manner, wherein the distance between the upper side arm 24 and the lower side arm 26 may be adjusted according to different operational stages. The convey platform 10 may be a transport belt which can move an item towards a specific direction.

[0014] In the initial first stage depicted in FIGs. 1A and 1B, a cutting procedure is first performed on the wafer 40 for defining the range of each micro device 40 (indicated by the dotted line in FIG. 1B). Next, the wafer 30 is disposed on the convey platform 10 in a way that each transfer head 22 is aligned with a corresponding micro device in the first column of micro devices or a corresponding micro device in the first row of micro devices, wherein the first column of micro devices or the first row of micro devices are nearest to the transfer device 40 among the plurality of micro devices 40 fabricated on the wafer 30. In the first stage, the distance between the upper side arm 24 and the lower side arm 26 is D1 and the distance between the convey platform 10 and the transfer device 20 is D2, wherein the value of D1 is larger than the sum of the height of the micro device 40 and the height of the wafer 30.

[0015] In the second stage depicted in FIGs. 2A and 2B, the transfer device 20 is moved towards the convey platform 10 (indicated by an arrow S1) and the convey

platform 10 moves the wafer 30 towards the transfer device 20 (indicated by an arrow S2). The distance between the convey platform 10 and the transfer device 20 now becomes D2' ($D2' < D2$). Once the first column or the first row of micro devices 40 are moved into the space between the upper side arm 24 and the lower side arm 26 of corresponding transfer heads 22, the transfer device 20 is configured to adjust the distance between the upper side arm 24 and the lower side arm 26 for steadily clamping each micro device 40 of the first column of micro devices 40 or the first row of micro devices 40. The distance between the upper side arm 24 and the lower side arm 26 now becomes D1' ($D1' < D1$).

[0016] In the third stage depicted in FIGs. 3A and 3B, the transfer device 20 is moved away from the convey platform 10 (indicated by an arrow S3) and the convey platform 10 moves the wafer 30 towards the transfer device 20 (indicated by an arrow S4). Once the transfer device 20 relocates the clamped first column or the first row of micro devices 40 to other locations, the second column or the second row of micro devices 40 may be moved to the edge of the convey platform 10 near the transfer device 20. Therefore, the step illustrated in FIGs. 2A and 2B may be re-executed until all micro devices 40 on the wafer 30 are relocated.

[0017] In conclusion, the present invention provides micro device transfer equipment and a related transfer method capable of mass-transferring micro LEDs rapidly and efficiently.

Claims

1. A micro device transfer equipment (100), comprising:

a convey platform (10) configured to carry a wafer (30) and move the wafer (30) towards a specific direction, wherein a plurality of micro devices (40) are fabricated on the wafer (30);

characterized by comprising:

a transfer device (20) including a plurality of transfer heads (22) each comprising:

a base arm (28); and

a first side arm (24) and a second side arm (26) disposed on the base arm in a movable manner for clamping a corresponding micro device (40) among the plurality of micro devices (40).

2. The micro device transfer equipment (100) of claim 1, **characterized in that** the convey platform (10) is a transport belt.

3. The micro device transfer equipment (100) of any of claims 1-2, **characterized in that** the plurality of transfer heads (22) are arranged to be respectively

aligned with a first column of micro devices (40) among the plurality of micro devices (40) fabricated on the wafer (30), or arranged to be respectively aligned with a first row of micro devices (40) among the plurality of micro devices (40) fabricated on the wafer (30).

4. The micro device transfer equipment (100) of any of claims 1-3, **characterized in that** each micro device (40) is a micro light emitting diode.

5. A method of transferring micro devices, comprising:

using a convey platform (10) to carry a wafer (30) on which a plurality of micro devices (40) are fabricated;

characterized by comprising the steps of:

arranging a plurality of transfer heads (22) in a transfer device (20) to be respectively aligned with a first column of micro devices (40) among the plurality of micro devices (40) fabricated on the wafer (30), or arranging the plurality of transfer heads (22) in the transfer device (20) to be respectively aligned with a first row of micro devices (40) among the plurality of micro devices (40) fabricated on the wafer (30);

adjusting a distance between a first side arm (24) and a second side arm (26) in each transfer head (22) to a first value;

the transfer device (20) moving towards the convey platform (10) and the convey platform (10) moving the wafer (30) towards the transfer device (20) until the first column of micro devices (40) or the first row of micro devices (40) are moved into a space between the first side arm (24) and the second side arm (26) of a corresponding transfer head (22); and

adjusting the distance between the first side arm (24) and the second side arm (26) in each transfer head (22) to a second value for clamping each micro device (40) of the first column of micro devices (40) or the first row of micro devices (40), wherein:

the first value is larger than a sum of a height of each micro device (40) and a height of the wafer (30);

the second value is smaller than the first value; and

the first column of micro devices (40) or the first row of micro devices are nearest to the transfer device (40) among the plurality of micro devices (40) fabricated on the wafer (30).

6. The method of claim 5, **further characterized by** comprising the steps of:

the transfer device (20) moving away from the convey platform (10) for separating the first column of micro devices (40) or the first row of micro devices (40) from other micro devices (40) fabricated on the wafer (30) after clamping each micro device (40) of the first column of micro devices (40) or the first row of micro devices (40) using each transfer head (22).

7. The method of claim 6, **further characterized by** comprising the steps of:

the transfer device (20) moving a second column of micro devices (40) or a second row of micro devices (40) fabricated on the wafer (30) towards the transfer device (20) after separating the first column of micro devices (40) or the first row of micro devices (40) from other micro devices (40) fabricated on the wafer (30), wherein the second column of micro devices (40) or the second row of micro devices (40) are nearest to the transfer device (20) among the plurality of micro devices (40) fabricated on the wafer (30) except the first column of micro devices (40) or the first row of micro devices (40).

8. The method of any of claims 5-7, **further characterized by** comprising the steps of:

performing a cutting procedure on the wafer (30) for defining a range of each micro device (40) before using the convey platform (10) to carry the wafer (30).

9. The method of any of claims 5-7, **characterized in that** each micro device (40) is a micro light emitting diode.

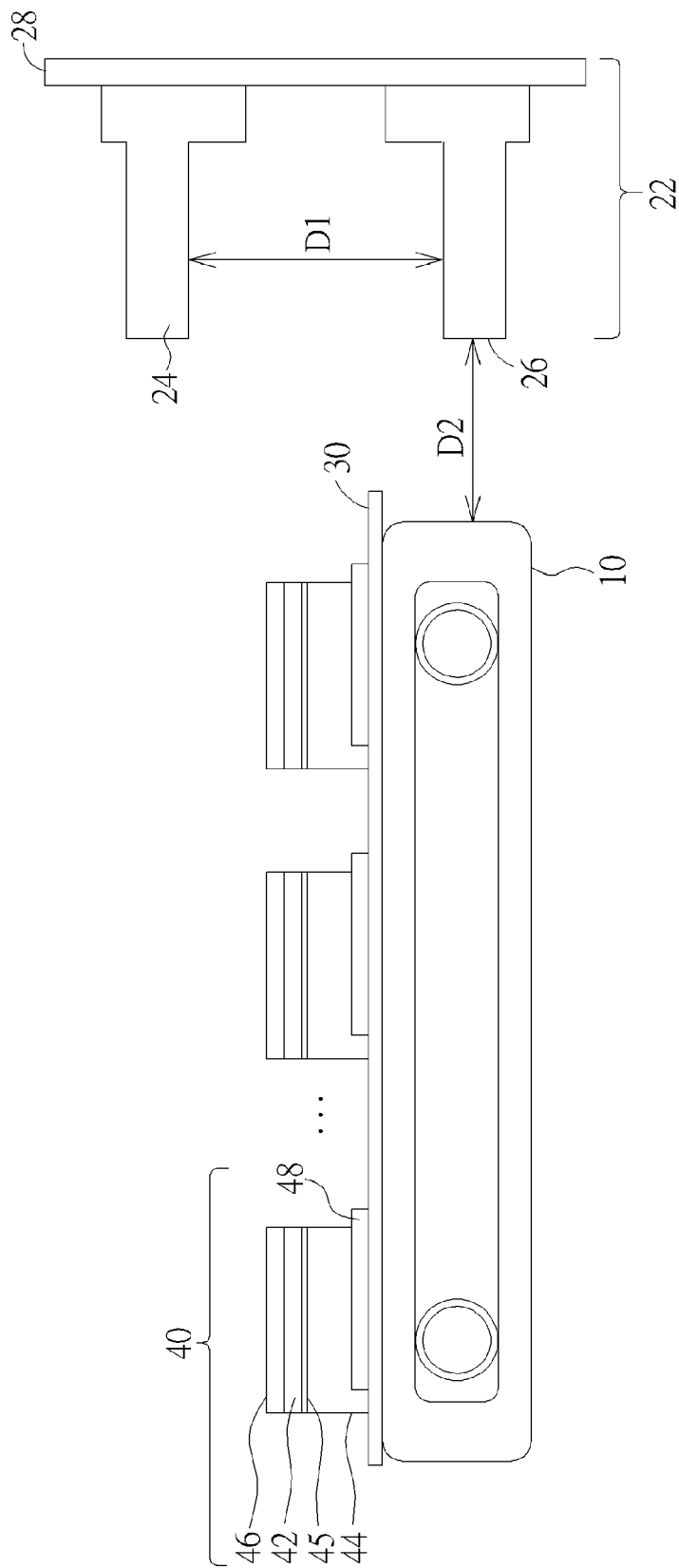


FIG. 1A

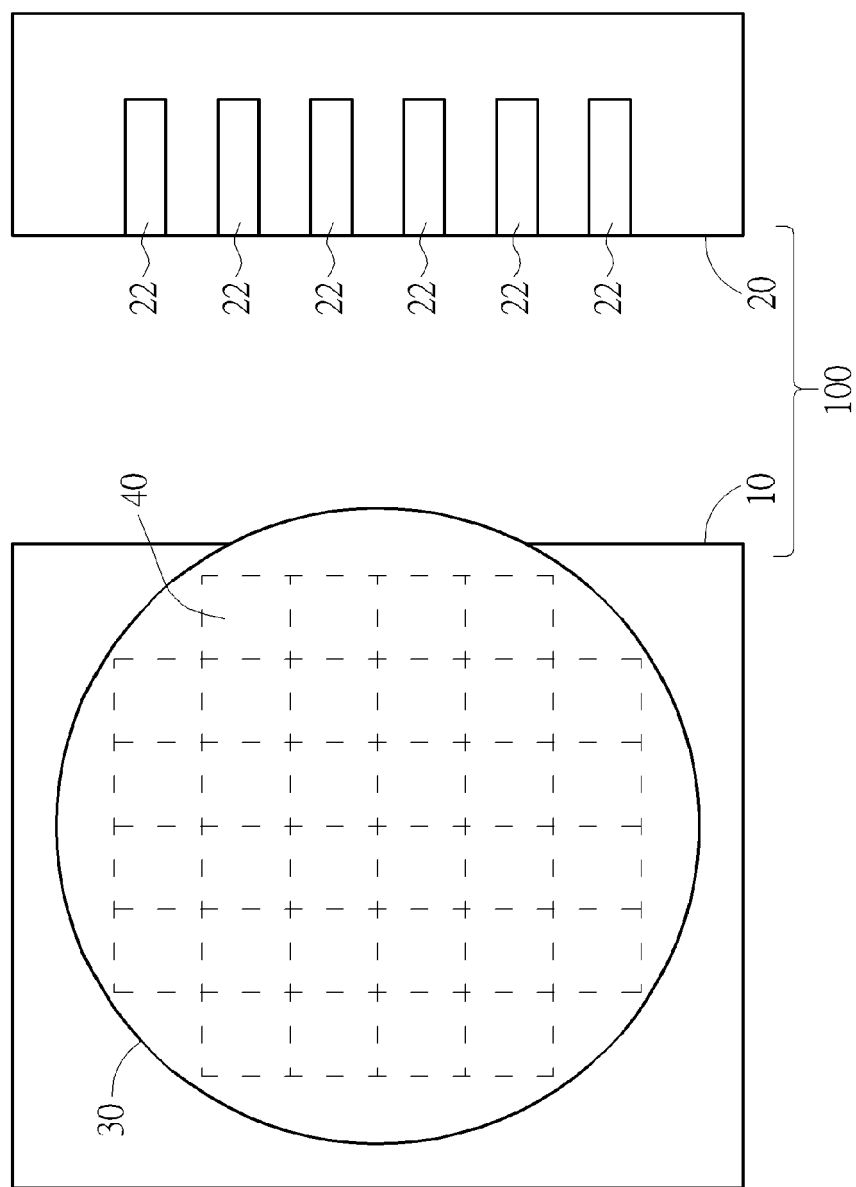


FIG. 1B

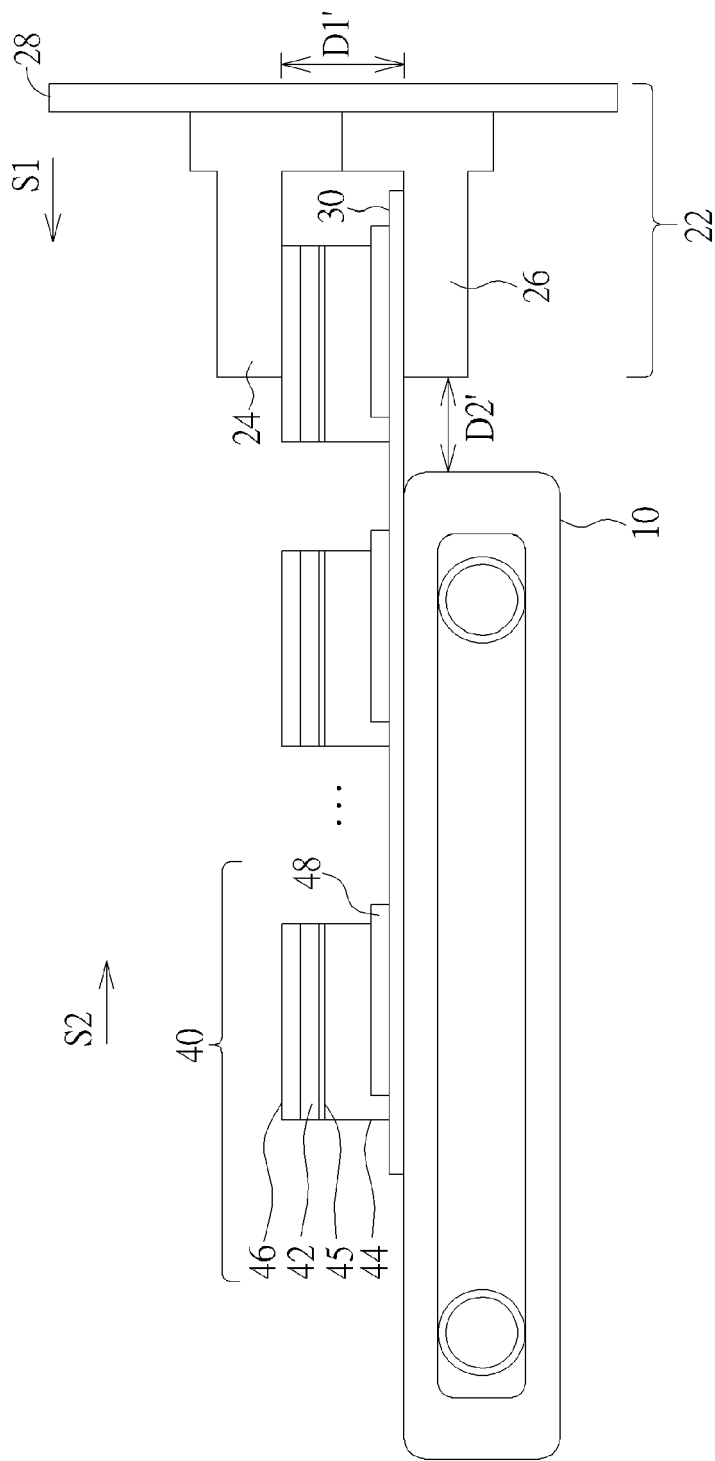


FIG. 2A

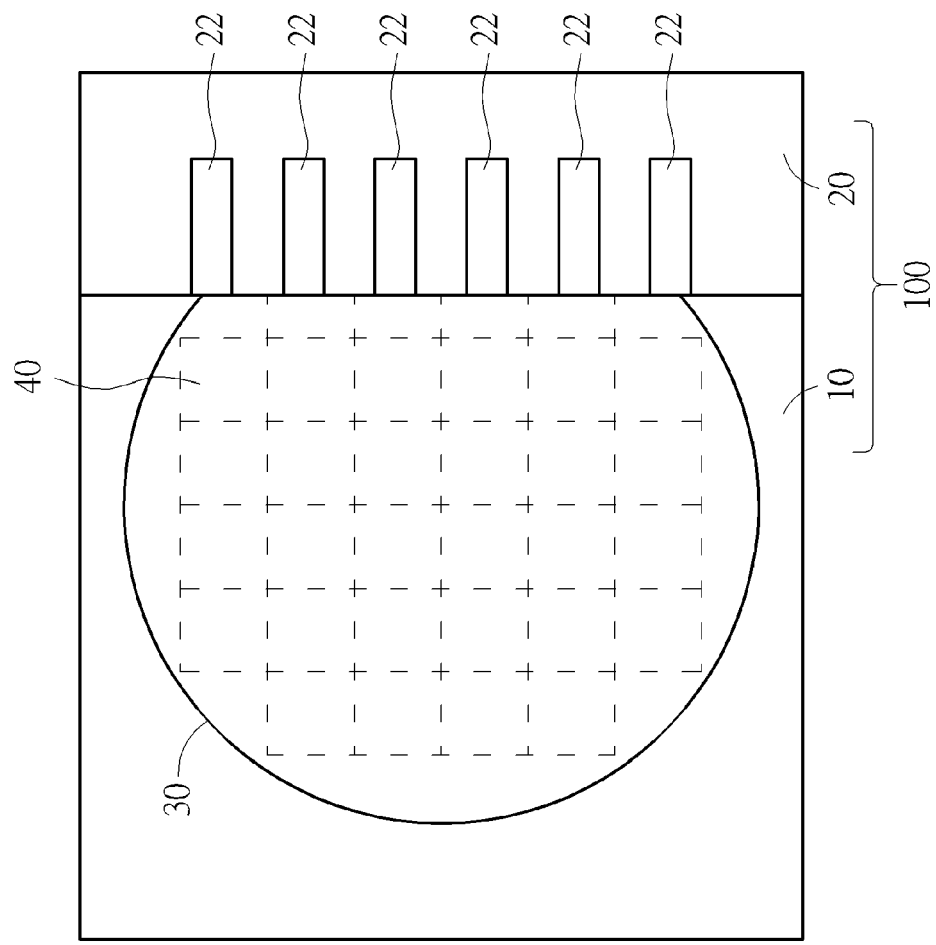


FIG. 2B

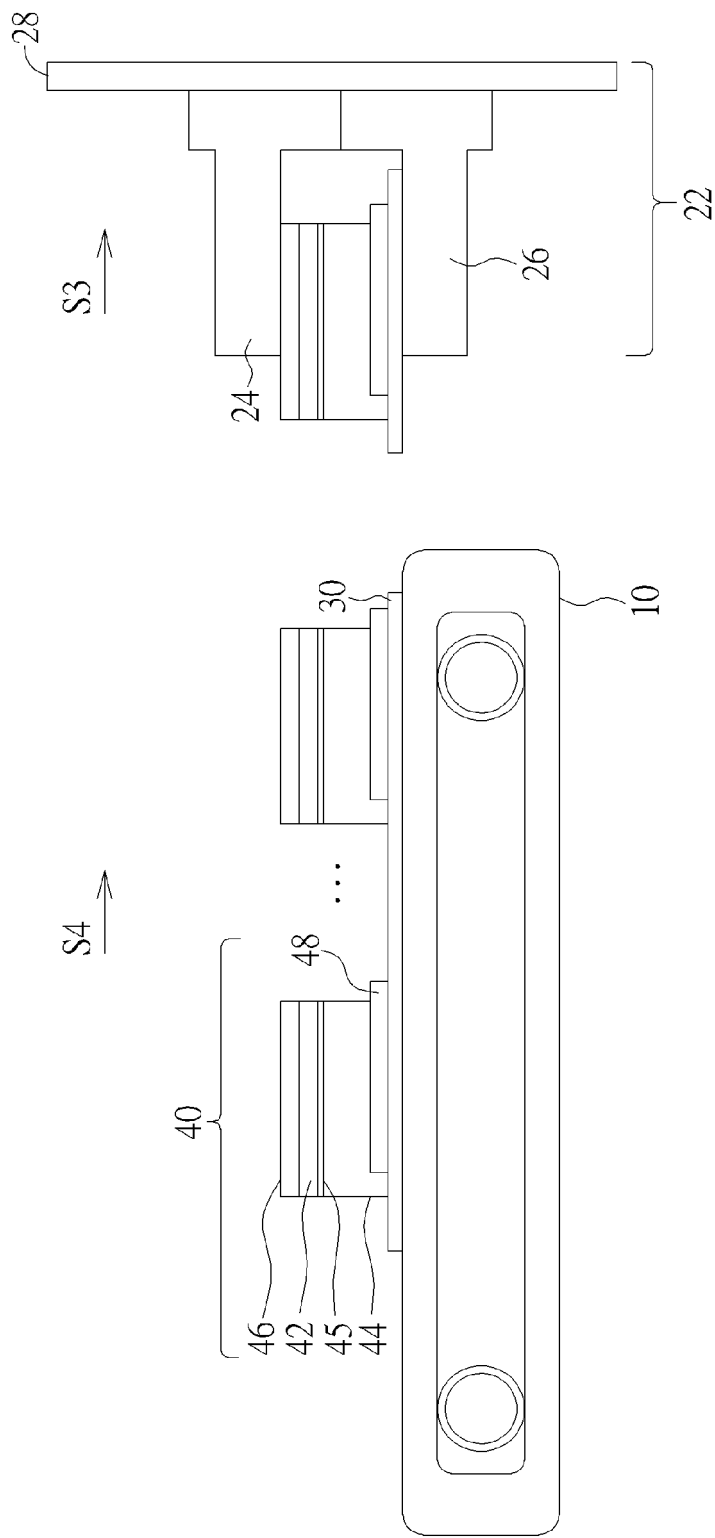


FIG. 3A

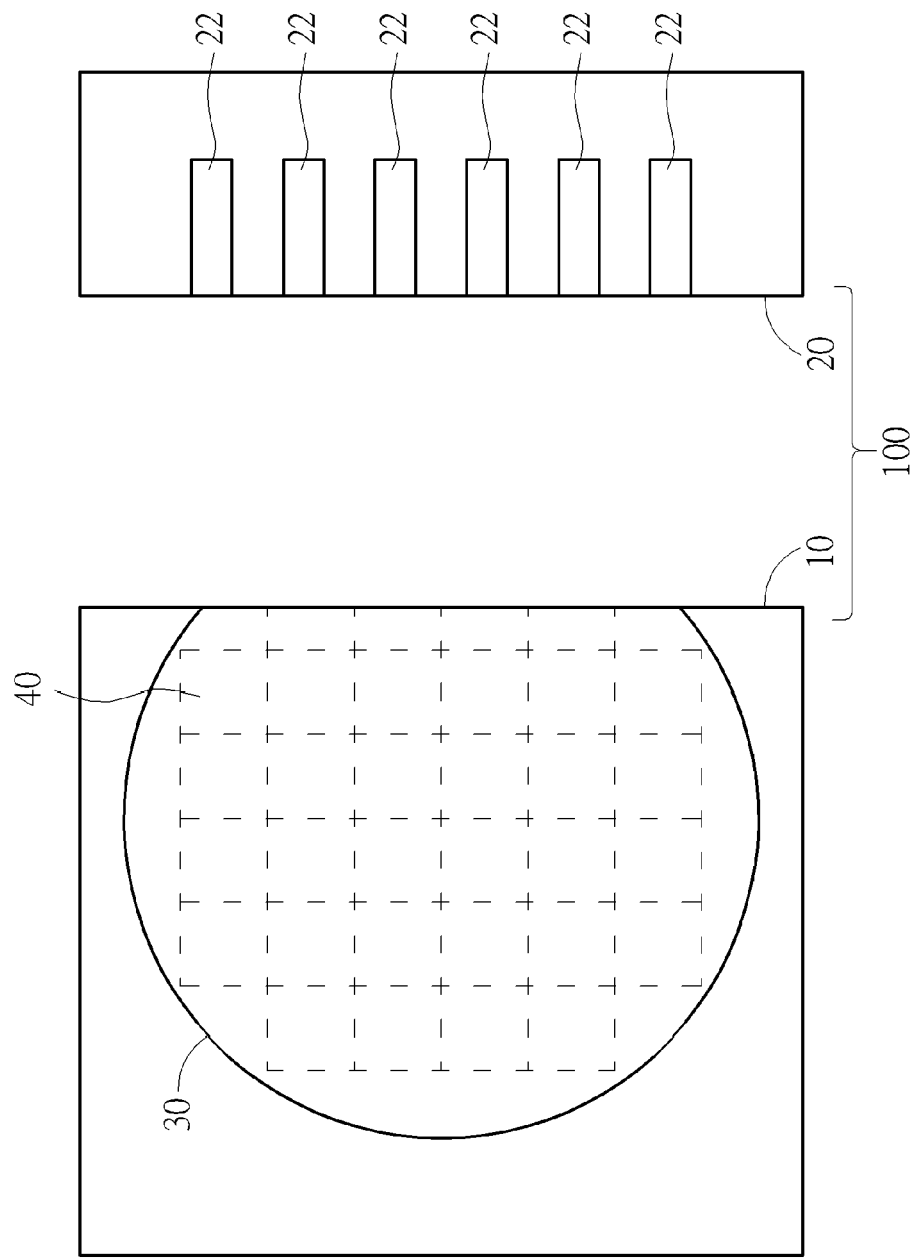


FIG. 3B



EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number
EP 18 16 8902

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EPO FORM 1503 03.82 (P04C01)

DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
Category	Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (IPC)
X	JP 2011 119365 A (CITIZEN ELECTRONICS; CITIZEN HOLDINGS CO LTD) 16 June 2011 (2011-06-16)	1-4	INV. H01L21/67 H01L25/075
A	* abstract; figures 1-6 *	5-9	
A	EP 2 284 862 A1 (TNO [NL]) 16 February 2011 (2011-02-16) * paragraph [0017]; figure 3 *	1,5	
			TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (IPC)
			H01L
The present search report has been drawn up for all claims			
Place of search The Hague		Date of completion of the search 17 October 2018	Examiner Oberle, Thierry
CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS X : particularly relevant if taken alone Y : particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category A : technological background O : non-written disclosure P : intermediate document T : theory or principle underlying the invention E : earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date D : document cited in the application L : document cited for other reasons & : member of the same patent family, corresponding document			

**ANNEX TO THE EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT
ON EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION NO.**

EP 18 16 8902

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This annex lists the patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned European search report.
The members are as contained in the European Patent Office EDP file on
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EPO FORM P0459

For more details about this annex : see Official Journal of the European Patent Office, No. 12/82

专利名称(译)	微器件传输设备及相关方法		
公开(公告)号	EP3509094A1	公开(公告)日	2019-07-10
申请号	EP2018168902	申请日	2018-04-24
[标]申请(专利权)人(译)	宏碁股份有限公司		
申请(专利权)人(译)	宏碁股份有限公司		
当前申请(专利权)人(译)	宏碁股份有限公司		
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发明人	HSIANG, JUI-CHIEH CHEN, CHIH-CHIANG		
IPC分类号	H01L21/67 H01L25/075		
CPC分类号	H01L21/67144 H01L25/0753 B25J18/00 H01L33/005 H01L2933/0033 H01L2933/0066		
优先权	107100811 2018-01-09 TW		
外部链接	Espacenet		

摘要(译)

微器件传输设备包括传输平台和传输设备。传送平台被配置为承载晶片并朝向特定方向移动晶片，其中在晶片上制造多个微器件。转移装置包括多个转移头，每个转移头包括基臂，第一侧臂和第二侧臂。第一侧臂和第二侧臂以可移动的方式设置在基臂上，用于将相应的微器件夹持在多个微器件中。

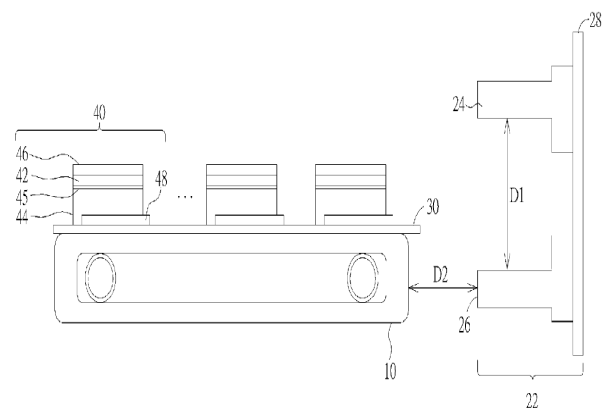


FIG. 1A